

# jetPEI™-FluoR

## *in vitro* DNA Transfection Protocol

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## Company Information

### Technical Assistance and Scientific Advice

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### Intellectual Property

The use of polyethylenimine (PEI) or polypropylenimine (PPI) or cationic polymers similar in structure thereto for transfecting cells, as well as compositions comprising these cationic polymers and at least one nucleic acid, are the subject matter of U.S. Patent No. 6,013,240, EP Patent No. 0770140 and foreign equivalents, for which Polyplus-transfection™ is the worldwide exclusive licensee.

### Trademarks

jetPEI and Polyplus-transfection are registered trademarks of Polyplus-transfection.

### Related compounds

jetPRIME™ for DNA and siRNA transfection  
jetPEI™-FluoF for *in vitro* applications, green labeling  
*in vivo*-jetPEI™, *in vivo*-jetPEI™-FluoF and *in vivo*-jetPEI™-FluoR for *in vivo* applications.

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## Product Information

jetPEI™-FluoR is a rhodamine-conjugated linear polyethylenimine derivative (excitation at 550 nm; emission at 575 nm). jetPEI™-FluoR is specially designed for intracellular tracking experiments using fluorescent labeling. Publications using Polyplus reagents can be found on the Product Citation Database. In addition a Cell Transfection Database gives transfection conditions over 400 cell lines and primary cells. Both database are available on our website, [www.polyplus-transfection.com](http://www.polyplus-transfection.com) under the heading Products/Technical Resources.

### Ordering information

Cat #	jetPEI™-FluoR Reagent	150 mM NaCl solution	Number of transfections
106-05N	0.5 ml	50 ml	250 transfections in 24-well plates

### Content

0.5 ml of jetPEI™-FluoR DNA transfection reagent is sufficient to perform ca. 250 transfections in 24-well plates or 80 transfections in 60-mm dishes.

### Reagent use and Limitations

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

### Quality control

Every batch of jetPEI™-FluoR is tested in a transfection assay. Typically, transfection of a firefly luciferase gene under the control of the CMV promoter gives 10<sup>9</sup> RLU (relative light unit)/mg of protein. The value for each batch is indicated on the Certificate of Analysis.

### Formulation and Storage

jetPEI™-FluoR is provided as a 7.5 mM solution in sterile and apyrogenic water (expressed as concentration of nitrogen residues).

jetPEI™-FluoR is shipped at room temperature but should be stored at 4°C upon arrival to ensure long term stability. jetPEI™-FluoR, as guaranteed by the Certificate of Analysis, will be valid for at least one year when stored appropriately.

### Mechanism of transfection using jetPEI™-FluoR

jetPEI™-FluoR compacts DNA into positively charged particles - called complexes - capable of interacting with anionic proteoglycans at the cell surface. The specific interaction triggers internalization of the complexes by endocytosis. Once inside the endosomal compartment, the DNA is protected from degradation by jetPEI™-FluoR. This is in part due to the unique property of this polymer to act as a "proton sponge", which in turn buffers the pH within the endosome. This mechanism ultimately leads to rupture of the endosome and release of the DNA and the complexes into the cytoplasm, thereby allowing nuclear transport for subsequent transcription.

The overall charge of the jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA complexes is therefore crucial for efficient transfection. It is determined by the DNA to reagent ratio. This ratio, which represents the ionic balance within the complexes, is classically defined as the N/P ratio, referring to the number of nitrogen residues (N) in the jetPEI™-FluoR per phosphate (P) of DNA. To obtain positively charged complexes, an N/P>3 is required. In order to calculate the N/P ratio, use the following formula taking into account the volume of jetPEI™-FluoR reagent used for a given amount of DNA.

$$\text{N/P ratio} = \frac{7.5^* \times \mu\text{l of jetPEI}^{\text{TM}}\text{-FluoR}}{3^{\diamond} \times \mu\text{g of DNA}}$$

\* concentration of nitrogen residues in jetPEI™-FluoR  
◇ nmoles of phosphate per µg of DNA

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## 1. Transfection protocol

### 1. 1. Cell seeding

For optimal transfection conditions with jetPEI™-FluoR, the cells should be 50-60% confluent. Typically, for transfection in 24-well plates, 50 000 to 100 000 cells are seeded per well the day before transfection. (Refer to Table 1 for other culture formats).

**Table 1. Recommended number of cells to seed the day before transfection**

Culture vessel	Number of adherent cells to seed	Surface area per well or plate (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Volume of medium per well
96-well	10 000 - 17 000	0.3	0.2 ml
48-well	25 000 - 50 000	1	0.5 ml
24-well	50 000 - 100 000	1.9	1 ml
12-well	80 000 - 200 000	3.8	2 ml
6-well/35 mm	200 000 - 400 000	9.4	4 ml
60 mm	400 000 - 600 000	28	8 ml

### 1.2. Preparation of the complexes and transfection procedure

The following protocol is given for transfection in 24-well plates. (Refer to Table 2 for transfection in other formats).

1. Dilute 1 µg of DNA into 50 µl of 150 mM NaCl (provided with 104-01N and 104-05N). Vortex gently and spin down briefly.
2. Dilute 2 µl of jetPEI™-FluoR into 50 µl of 150 mM NaCl. Vortex gently and spin down briefly.
3. Add the 50 µl jetPEI™-FluoR to the 50 µl DNA solution at once (important: do not mix solutions in the reverse order)
4. Vortex-mix the solution immediately and spin down briefly.
5. Incubate for 15 to 30 minutes at room temperature.
6. Add the 100 µl jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA mix to each well and homogenize by gently swirling the plate.
7. The volume of the jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA mix usually represents one tenth of the total volume of culture medium.
8. Transfection experiments are usually analysed after 24 hours and reporter gene activity assessed.

## 2. Advantages of jetPEI™-FluoR

The performance of jetPEI™-FluoR is not affected by the presence of serum or antibiotics. As a result the protocol for jetPEI™-FluoR is straightforward.

The jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA complexes can therefore be added directly to the complete medium, a significant advantage for sensitive cells.

## 3. Improving transfection efficiency

Transfection efficiencies can be improved by reducing the volume of medium indicated in Table 2 by half or/and by centrifugation of the culture plate (5 min at 180g at room temperature).

For fragile cells, we recommend changing medium 2 to 4 hours after transfection.

**Table 2. Preparation of the complexes for different cell culture formats**

Culture vessel	Amount of DNA (µg)	Volume of 150 mM NaCl to dilute DNA (µl)	Volume of jetPEI™-FluoR (µl)	Volume of 150 mM NaCl to dilute jetPEI™-FluoR (µl)	Total volume of complexes per well
96-well	0.25	10	0.5	10	20
48-well	0.5	25	1	25	50
24-well	1	50	2	50	100
12-well	2	50	4	50	100
6-well/ 35 mm	3	100	6	100	200
60 mm	5	250	10	250	500

## Troubleshooting

Observations	Actions
Low transfection efficiency	Optimize the amount of plasmid DNA used in the transfection assay.
	Use high-quality plasmid preparation, free of RNA (the OD260/280 ratio should be greater than 1.8).
	Ensure that adherent cells are 50-60% confluent on the day of transfection.
	Optimize the jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA ratio starting from 1 µl jetPEI™-FluoR per µg of DNA up to 4 µl jetPEI™-FluoR per µg of DNA.
	Perform a positive control transfection experiment with a well-characterized reporter gene (Luciferase or β-Galactosidase expressed from commercially available plasmid).
	Decrease the volume of culture medium.
Cellular toxicity	Decrease the amount of plasmid DNA used in the transfection assay, keeping the jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA ratio constant.
	Check DNA concentration and ensure that jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA ratio is not higher than 4 µl of jetPEI™-FluoR per 1 µg of DNA.
	Reduce the incubation time of the complexes jetPEI™-FluoR/DNA with the cells.
	If the expressed protein is toxic for the cells, reduce the amount of plasmid DNA used in the transfection assay.
	Ensure that the plasmid preparation is endotoxin-free

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## Notes